



NZAIA Conference 2016

Strategic Environmental Assessment and Iwi

(Revised content inserted, January 2017)

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New Zealand's specialist land-based university

Iwi Maori engagement in Strategic Environmental Assessment since the 1980's

Busy!

Actually

Really, really, reallybusy!

The Political Context ... 1970's & 80's

Maori Land March 1975 Creation of Waitangi Tribunal 1975 (Ref NZ History. Net)





Bastion Pt Occupation 1977-78
(Ref Fairfax Media)



Waitangi Day Protest Marches 1970's , 1980's, 1990's, 2000's (Ref NZ Herald 2002)



Manukau Harbour Claim 1985 (Mangere Sewage Ponds) (Ref Watercare Services Ltd)

Critical Developments

- Creation of Waitangi Tribunal 1975
- Inclusion of S 3(1)(g) in the Town & Country Planning Act 1977
- Bastion Point Occupation 1977
- Waitangi Tribunal Report on the Manukau Claim 1985
- Resource Management Act 1991
- Iwi Management Plans 1990 & onwards
- Escalation of Treaty Settlements

Critical Iwi Aspirations

• Recognition of iwi authority (Tino Rangatiratanga)

Guaranteed Protection of natural resources (Kaitiakitanga)

• Guaranteed Access to these resources (Manaakitanga)

Iwi Based - RMA Frame of Reference 1990 Recognition of

Treaty of Waitangi Iwi Maori Participation Maori cultural & Spiritual Values Iwi Management Plans Maori Interests in Water

Resource Management Act 1991 Section 6(e),

"Recognise & provide for the "Relationship between Maori their culture & traditions with their ancestral lands, waters, sites, waahi tapu & other taonga" ... National Planning Importance

Section 7(a),

"Have particular regard to the Kaitiakitanga – exercise of stewardship

Section 8

"Take into account the principles of the Treaty of Waitangi (Te Tiriti o Waitangi)

Iwi Maori generally critical of narrow focus of EIA, SIA,
 CIA etc.:

 Iwi Maori approach has tended to be much broader around total impacts on their people, their place their environment

BUT, Iwi have tended to use/modify whatever approach was available

Iwi Maori assessment approach has tended to be:

- Broader
- More integrated
- Highly interdisciplinary
- Across all levels (law, regulation, policy, planning, programmes, projects)
- Across all dimensions (social, cultural, environmental, economic, political)

- Iwi Maori have generally been doing SEA since the early 1980's
- The aim has always been finding the balance between
 - Kaitiakitanga
 - Rangatiratanga
 - Manaakitanga
- Early Iwi Management Plans were very strategic in approach, but have progressively narrowed to `respond' to the RMA

- What's needed A new acronym perhaps
- SIA (Strategic Iwi Assessment), SSIA (Strategic Iwi impact Assessment or Strategic Indigenous Impact Assessment), SMA (Strategic Maori Assessment)
- My preference: SSIA (Strategic Indigenous Impact Assessment),
- SSIA must be indigenous peoples & environments focused
- Refer to the Mauriora Systems Framework as a possible approach for SSIA

Critical Iwi (Maori) Planning & SIIA Tools

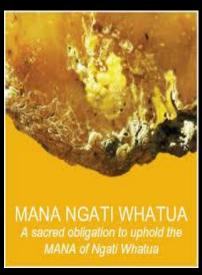
Iwi Strategic Plans



Iwi Values Statements



Iwi Impact Assessments



Ref Dyanna Jolly 2010

Nga Tikaanga o Ngati Te Ata



This is

- Who we are as a people
- Where we're from
- Our tribal territory
- Our Values
- Our History
- Our Policies
- Our Reality
- Our desired future

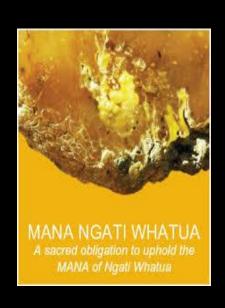
What is an IMP?

- Written expressions of rangatiratanga (authority) and kaitiakitanga (stewardship)
- A vision of how the management and protection of natural, physical & other resources can be achieved based on the cultural and spiritual values of tangata whenua ... people of the land ... indigenous community
- A plan of the vision mapped out on the land and environment

(ref Dyanna Jolly 2010)

Iwi Management Plans - IMPs

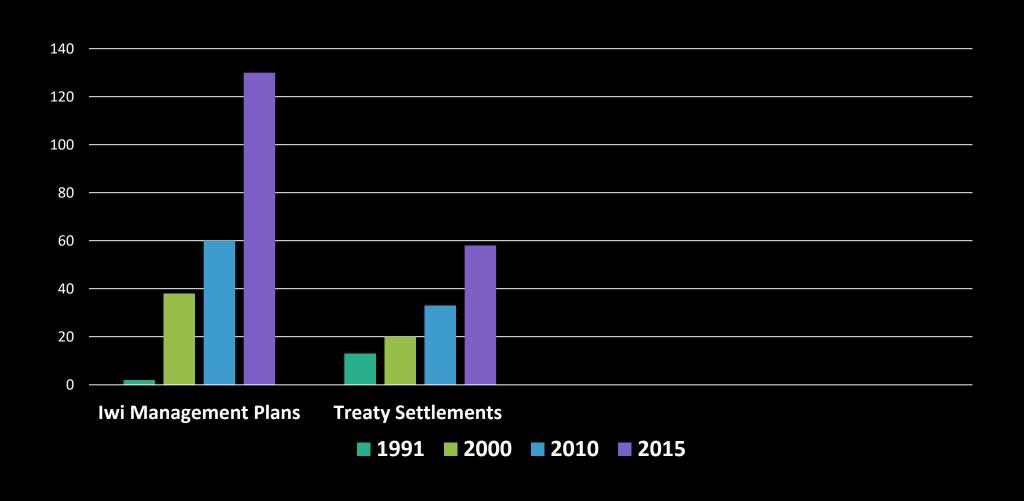






1990 ... 1.... 2016 more than 130 such plans!

Iwi Management Plans & Treaty Settlements



SIIA Assessments as an Outcome

Indigenous/Maori/Iwi Environmental Quality & Quantity

Indigenous/Maori/Iwi Social Cohesion & Wellbeing

Indigenous/Maori/Iwi Economic Growth & Distribution

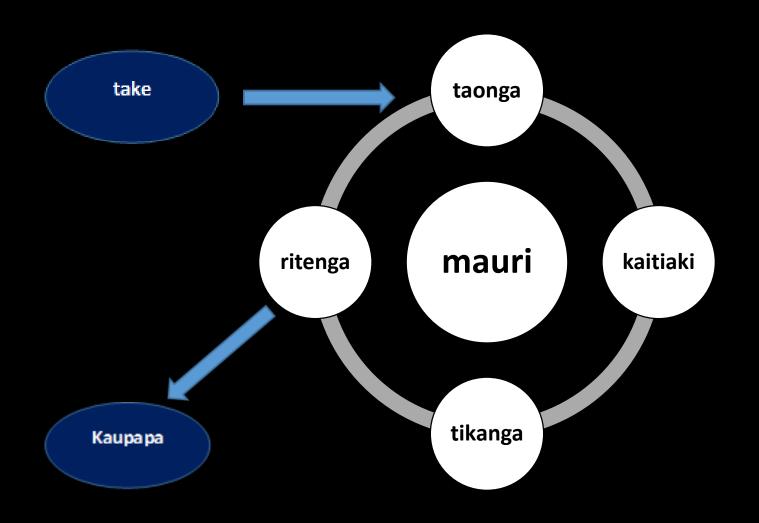
Indigenous/Maori/Iwi Cultural Protection & Enhancement

Indigenous/Maori/Iwi Political Autonomy and Advocacy

Mauriora Systems Framework as an approach to SIIA

(Ref H. Matunga 2016)

(for Policy-Analysis, planning, management, impact assessment, development & decision-making)



Mauriora Systems Framework for SIIA

• Methodology: For assessing impact on the mauri of a resource

• Aim: To maintain and/or enhance the mauri of the

Resource

 Application: Maori cultural framework for impact assessment, planning, policy analysis, management, development, decision-making

Mariota Systems Framework for SIIA

PROCESS QUESTIONS:

What is the take (i.e. issue, proposal, proposition, challenge, or problem)?

What taonga (valued resources) will potentially be affected?

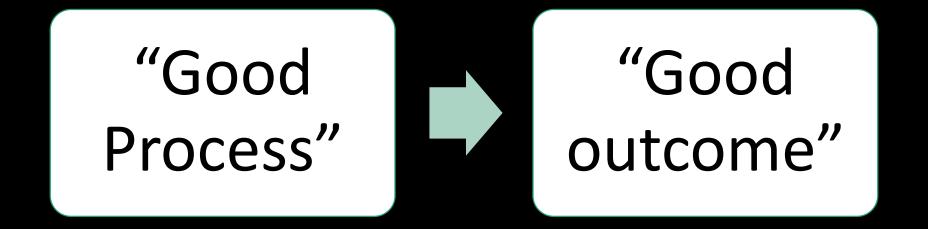
Who are the kaitiaki (guardians) of the taonga?

What tikanga (values) are at stake and how will they be complied with?

What ritenga (practice/s) might be initiated to maintain and/or enhance the mauri?

What now is the kaupapa (strategy or approach) to deal with this issue (policy, plan, proposal or scheme)?

Strategic Indigenous Impact Assessment



Means to an end not end in itself!

Other Maori & SIIA Planning tools

- Iwi Cultural Impact assessments
 - Assessment of effects on cultural values associated with a place or resource
- Iwi Cultural Values Reports
 - Identifies and describes cultural values pertaining to a specific area or resource

(ref Dyanna Jolly 2010)